**Crystal Data**: Orthorhombic. *Point Group*: 2/m 2/m. As droplet-like grains to 10  $\mu$ m in native gold (Au-Ag).

**Physical Properties**: *Cleavage*: n.d. *Tenacity*: Brittle. *Fracture*: n.d. Hardness = n.d. D(meas.) = n.d. D(calc.) = 10.47

**Optical Properties**: Opaque. *Color*: Gray with a bluish tint in reflected light. *Streak*: n.d. *Luster*: Metallic.

*Optical Class: Bireflectance:* Bluish to deep gray. *Anisotropy:* Strong, blue, dark blue to brown. R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>2</sub>: (470) 39.9- 40.3, (546) 41.6-43.3, (589) 42.0-43.7, (650) 43.0-44.0

**Cell Data**: Space Group: Cmce [synthetic Au<sub>1.00</sub>(Te<sub>0.50</sub>Se<sub>0.50</sub>)]. a = 7.5379(12) b = 5.7415(10)c = 8.8985(13) Z = 8

**X-Ray Diffraction Pattern**: Synthetic Au<sub>1.00</sub>(Te<sub>0.50</sub>Se<sub>0.50</sub>). 2.734 (100), 2.883 (99), 4.461 (65), 1.813 (63), 2.215 (51), 3.194 (36), 2.231 (33)

Chemistry:		(1)
	Au	62.40
	Ag	0.57
	Se	9.78
	Te	27.33
	S	0.01
	Total	100.09

(1) Gaching deposit, Far-Eastern Region, Russia; average electron microprobe analysis; corresponds to  $(Au_{0.96}Ag_{0.02})_{\Sigma=0.98}(Te_{0.65}Se_{0.37})_{\Sigma=1.02}$ .

Occurrence: In an epithermal gold deposit of the high-sulfidation (HS) type in volcanic rocks.

**Association**: Gold (Au-Ag), calaverite, maletoyvayamite, watanabeite, Au-Sb oxides, quartz, alunite, native sulfur, kaolinite.

**Distribution**: From the Gaching deposit, Maletoyvayam ore field, southwestern Koryak Highland, central Kamchatka volcanic belt, Far-Eastern Region, Russia.

Name: For the *Gaching* ore deposit where the studied material was collected.

**Type Material**: Central Siberian Geological Museum, V.S. Sobolev Institute of Geology and Mineralogy, Siberian Branch of the Russian Academy of Science, Novosibirsk, Russia (V-10/1).

**References**: (1) Tolstykh, N.D., M. Tuhý, A. Vymazalová, F. Laufek, J. Plášil, and F. Košek (2022) Gachingite, Au( $Te_{1-x}Se_x$ )  $0.2 \approx x \le 0.5$ , a new mineral from Maletoyvayam deposit, Kamchatka peninsula, Russia. Mineral. Mag., 86, 205-213.