

Crystal Data: Monoclinic. *Point Group:* 2/m. As aggregates, to 4 mm, of densely intergrown, slightly rounded, thin platy crystals to 0.1 mm.

Physical Properties: *Cleavage:* Good on {010}. *Tenacity:* Brittle. *Fracture:* Uneven. Hardness = ~3 D(meas.) = n.d. D(calc.) = 3.395

Optical Properties: Transparent to translucent. *Color:* White to pink (cobalt rich).

Streak: White. *Luster:* Vitreous.

Optical Class: Biaxial (-). $\alpha' = 1.601(2)$ $\gamma' = 1.629(2)$ $2V(\text{meas.}) = 60^\circ (+/- 20^\circ)$

Dispersion: Weak, $r > v$. Extinction undulatory ~parallel to elongation.

Cell Data: *Space Group:* $P2_1/c$. $a = 5.990(2)$ $b = 13.013(4)$ $c = 5.726(2)$ $\beta = 108.47(3)^\circ$ $Z = 2$

X-Ray Diffraction Pattern: Zemberg-Terézia veins, near Dobšiná, Rožnava Co., Slovakia.

3.026 (100), 3.249 (77), 3.385 (66), 2.822 (60), 3.201 (42), 3.443 (38), 5.197 (37)

Chemistry:	(1)	(2)	(3)
CaO	36.74	33.91	38.75
MgO	0.89		
CoO	0.51	3.66	
NiO	0.37	0.79	
As ₂ O ₅	52.75	53.59	52.94
P ₂ O ₅	0.03		
SO ₃	0.18	0.20	
H ₂ O	[8.31]	[8.45]	8.30
Total	99.78	100.60	100.00

(1) Zemberg-Terézia veins, near Dobšiná, Rožnava Co., Slovakia; average electron microprobe analysis supplemented by Raman spectroscopy, H₂O calculated, white crystal; corresponds to $\text{Ca}_2(\text{Ca}_{0.84}\text{Mg}_{0.10}\text{Co}_{0.03}\text{Ni}_{0.02})_{\Sigma=0.99}[(\text{AsO}_4)_{1.99}(\text{SO}_4)_{0.01}]_{\Sigma=2.00} \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$. (2) Do., pink crystal; corresponds to $\text{Ca}_2(\text{Ca}_{0.58}\text{Co}_{0.21}\text{Ni}_{0.04})_{\Sigma=0.83}[(\text{AsO}_4)_{1.99}(\text{SO}_4)_{0.01}]_{\Sigma=2.00} \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$. (3) $\text{Ca}_2\text{Ca}(\text{AsO}_4)_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$.

Mineral Group: Roselite group.

Occurrence: Secondary in siderite-ankerite hydrothermal carbonate-quartz veins with Ni-Fe-Co-Cu mineralization. By oxidation of primary safflorite and arsenopyrite in a Ca-enriched environment (abundant calcite in the matrix) under relatively dry conditions.

Association: Phaunouxite, picropharmacolite, erythrite-hörnesite, gypsum, aragonite (Slovakia).

Distribution: From the Dionýz mining field, Zemberg-Terézia vein system, 2.2 km northeast of Dobšiná, Spišsko-gemerské rудохорие Mts., Rožnava Co., Košice Region, Slovakia [TL]. At the Tuvinskaya deposit, Tuva Autonomous Republic, Russia.

Name: For the occurrence near Dobšiná where the studied material was collected.

Type Material: Department of Mineralogy and Petrography, Moravian Museum, Brno, Czech Republic (B12257).

References: (1) Sejkora, J., M. Stevko, R. Skoda, E. Viskova, J. Toman, S. Hreus, J. Plasil, and Z. Dolnicek (2021) Dobšinaite, $\text{Ca}_2\text{Ca}(\text{AsO}_4)_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$, a new member of the roselite group from Dobšina (Slovak Republic). *J. Geosciences*, 66(2), 127-135. (2) (2022) Amer. Mineral., 107, 1657 (abs. ref. 1).