

**Crystal Data:** Monoclinic (by analogy to rosasite). *Point Group:* n.d. Radial fibrous, to 1.5 mm; in crusts.

**Physical Properties:** Hardness =  $\sim 1$   $D(\text{meas.}) = \text{n.d.}$   $D(\text{calc.}) = \text{n.d.}$

**Optical Properties:** Semitransparent. *Color:* Pale blue to almost white. *Streak:* Pale blue. *Optical Class:* Biaxial (-) (by analogy to rosasite).

**Cell Data:** *Space Group:* n.d.  $Z = \text{n.d.}$

**X-ray Powder Pattern:** n.d.

**Chemistry:** (1) Tsumeb, Namibia; no analysis presented, stated to have a ratio of Zn:Cu = 58.60:51.94 or greater.

**Mineral Group:** Rosasite group.

**Occurrence:** In an oxidized zone of a dolostone-hosted hydrothermal polymetallic ore deposit (Tsumeb, Namibia).

**Association:** Azurite, cerussite, hemimorphite (Tsumeb, Namibia); cerussite, aurichalcite, malachite (Rudabánya, Hungary).

**Distribution:** From Tsumeb, Namibia. At Rudabánya, Hungary. In the Kamariza mine, Laurium, Greece.

**Name:** For its predominance of *zinc* content over copper content, and its relation to *rosasite*.

**Type Material:** Technical University, Berlin; National Museum of Natural History, Washington, D.C., USA, 163340.

**References:** (1) Strunz, H. (1959) Tsumeb, seine Erze und Sekundär-mineralien, insbesondere der neu aufgeschlossenen zweiten Oxydationszone. *Fortschr. Mineral.*, 37, 87–90 (in German).  
(2) (1959) *Amer. Mineral.*, 44, 1373 (abs. ref. 1).