

# Halurgite

# Mg<sub>2</sub>[B<sub>4</sub>O<sub>5</sub>(OH)<sub>4</sub>]<sub>2</sub>•H<sub>2</sub>O

©2001-2005 Mineral Data Publishing, version 1

**Crystal Data:** Monoclinic, pseudo-orthorhombic. *Point Group:* 2/m or m. As lamellar crystals with rhombic outline, to 3 mm, subparallel or in radial aggregates; most commonly granular, fine-grained massive.

**Physical Properties:** Hardness = 2.5–3 D(meas.) = 2.19 D(calc.) = 2.238 Slowly soluble in H<sub>2</sub>O.

**Optical Properties:** Transparent. *Color:* Colorless, white. *Luster:* [Subvitreous.]  
*Optical Class:* Biaxial (+). *Orientation:* Z || long rhombus diagonal; X || short rhombus diagonal.  
 $\alpha = 1.532(2)$   $\beta = 1.545(2)$   $\gamma = 1.572(2)$  2V(meas.) = n.d. 2V(calc.) = 70°

**Cell Data:** *Space Group:* P2/c or Pc.  $a = 13.25(4)$   $b = 7.60(3)$   $c = 13.20(4)$   
 $\beta = 92^\circ 9(10)'$  Z = 4

**X-ray Powder Pattern:** Chelkar salt dome, Kazakhstan.  
3.87 (10), 3.29 (10), 4.81 (9), 2.163 (9), 1.269 (8), 2.643 (7), 3.57 (6)

Chemistry:	(1)	(2)
B <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	61.90	62.00
MgO	17.80	17.95
H <sub>2</sub> O	19.80	20.05
Total	99.50	100.00

(1) Chelkar salt dome, Kazakhstan. (2) Mg<sub>2</sub>[B<sub>4</sub>O<sub>5</sub>(OH)<sub>4</sub>]<sub>2</sub>•H<sub>2</sub>O.

**Occurrence:** Of rare occurrence in interstices and vugs in a rock salt diapir.

**Association:** Boracite, kaliborite, pinnoite, hilgardite, ginorite, bischofite, kieserite, preobrazhenskite, aksaite, strontiorborite, metaborite, anhydrite, halite.

**Distribution:** From the Chelkar salt dome, Ak-sai Valley, Uralsk district, Kazakhstan.

**Name:** Honors the Institute of Halurgy, St. Petersburg, Russia, for its studies of saline deposits.

**Type Material:** Institute of Halurgy; Mining Institute, St. Petersburg, 1488/1; A.E. Fersman Mineralogical Museum, Academy of Sciences, Moscow, Russia, 69833.

**References:** (1) Lovanova, V.V. (1962) A new borate, halurgite. Doklady Acad. Nauk SSSR, 143, 693–696 (in Russian). (2) (1962) Amer. Mineral., 47, 1217–1218 (abs. ref. 1). (3) Kondrat'eva, V.V. (1964) New X-ray data regarding halurgite and inderborite. Kristallografiya (Sov. Phys. Crystal.), 9(5), 735–736 (in Russian). (4) Pekov, I.V. (1998) Minerals first discovered on the territory of the former Soviet Union. Ocean Pictures, Moscow, 95.